Mrs. Brosnan  
Art 8  
**Color Review**

There are 3 properties of color: **hue, value and intensity**

*Hue*—another term for color  
*Value*—1 of the 7 elements of design that shows how light or dark a color is  
*Intensity*—how bright or dull a color is  
*Monochromatic*—1 color and all it's tints (adding white) and shades (adding black)

Adding these components changes the way a color looks:

*Tint*—when white is added to a color it makes the color lighter  
*Shade*—when black is added to a color it makes the color darker  
*Complement*—colors opposite each other on the color wheel  
*Analogous*—colors next to each other on the color wheel

Mixing a **tint** makes the **value lighter and intensity is lost**  
Mixing a **shade** makes the **value darker and intensity diminishes**  
Adding a **neutral** color **does not change the value and the intensity lessens**  
Mixing **complements** creates **neutral colors and dulls the intensity**

Placing **complements next to each other** creates **contrast** in a picture as complements share no common colors

The **visible resource for color** is the “**Color Wheel**”  
The 3 **complementary pairs are**: Red/Green, Yellow/Purple, Blue/Orange